



AJSAC Fact Sheet

Alaska Department of Corrections: Admissions and Population, 2004–2013

ANCHORAGE, AK— The 15-02 issue of the *AJSAC Fact Sheet* presents data on admissions to, and confined populations in, the Alaska Department of Corrections (DOC) from 2004 to 2013. Data was drawn from the annual *Offender Profile* report of the Alaska Department of Corrections.

This is a summary of the data presented in the *Fact Sheet*:

- From 2004 to 2013, the number of admissions to DOC facilities increased less than 10 percent, after peaking in 2011.
- From 2004 to 2013, about one-quarter of all admissions were of females, while the remaining three-quarters of all admissions were of males over the period. In 2013, admissions of females accounted for 28.8% of all admissions, while male admissions accounted for the remaining 71.2% of all admissions.
- From 2004 to 2013, **admission rates** per 1,000 adult Alaskans decreased 7.9%. Female admission rates per 1,000 adult female Alaskans increased 18.9% over the period to 38.4 in 2013. **Admission rates** per 1,000 adult male Alaskans decreased 15.9% over the period to 88.5 in 2013.
- From 2004 to 2013, Alaska's **total** incarcerated population increased 29.4% (+87.3% female and +24.4% male). The incarcerated population **in-state** increased by 50.2% (+46.1% male and +87.8% female), while the **out-of-state** population decreased 53.6% (-53.9% male and +33.3% female).
- From 2004 to 2013, the **incarceration rate** averaged 9.0 per 1,000 Alaska adults (15.7 per 1,000 adult male Alaskans and 1.9 per 1,000 adult female Alaskans). In 2013, the incarceration rate had increased 9.4% over the period (+4.4% male and +60.3% female), to 9.2 per 1,000 adult Alaskans (15.8 per 1,000 adult male Alaskans and 2.2 per 1,000 adult female Alaskans).
- From 2004 to 2013, offenders supervised in Community Residential Centers (CRCs) increased 28.9% (+26.5% male and +45.2% female). In 2013, CRCs supervised 713 offenders (607 male and 106 female).
- From 2004 to 2013, offenders supervised via Electronic Monitoring increased 145.8% (+119.6% male and +256.5% female). In 2013, the EM program supervised 295 offenders (213 male and 82 female).
- From 2004 to 2013, **special supervision rates** averaged 1.6 per 1,000 adult Alaskans. In 2013, 1.9 per 1,000 adult Alaskans (2.9 per 1,000 adult male Alaskans and 0.7 per 1,000 adult female Alaskans) were supervised in CRC or EM programs
- From **2006 to 2013**, half of all offenders were incarcerated for 6 months or less. In the 2013

population snapshot, 55.1% of all offenders (74.7% female and 52.6% male) were incarcerated for 6 months or less

A note about calculating rates: Rates are calculated based on jurisdictional population and are used to compare a jurisdiction to itself over time.

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