ANCHORAGE, AK— The 15-04 issue of the AJSAC Fact Sheet presents data on incarcerated population under the supervision of the Alaska Department of Corrections (DOC) from 2005 to 2014. Data was provided by the Alaska Department of Corrections.

- From 2005 to 2014, the post-conviction incarcerated population in correctional institutions decreased 2.0%.

- From 2005 to 2014, the incarcerated population convicted of misdemeanors decreased 34.1%, while the felony incarcerated population increased 5.9%.

- The post-conviction incarcerated population convicted of felonies increased for both male (+4.0%) and female (+29.4%) offenders.

- The post-conviction incarcerated population convicted of misdemeanors decreased in male offenders (-38.8%) and increased in female offenders (+20.4%).

- Overall, increases were reported in the incarcerated population convicted of crimes against persons and property crimes, while decreases were reported for the incarcerated population convicted of parole and probation violation crimes and all other crimes. Of special note, the number of incarcerated offenders convicted of alcohol and drug crimes declined substantially (-22.8%) from 2005 to 2014.

- Overall, the post-conviction incarcerated female population increased 27.5%, while the post-convicted incarcerated male population decreased 4.4% from 2005–2014.

- From 2005-2014, the female incarcerated population saw increases in four crime categories, with decreases in alcohol and drug crime convictions. The male incarcerated population saw decreases in four crime categories, with increases in crimes against persons.

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